



Inspection Report

APRIL CICCHELLI RYAN CICCHELLI
8270 W BLUE RD
LAKE CITY, MI 49651

Customer ID: **505843**
Certificate: **34-C-0440**
Site: 002
April and Ryan Cicchelli

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: 04-APR-2022

2.1(b)(2)(ii)

Requirements and application

While inspecting the zoo site, one cougar and two servals were present in the animal barn with the rest of the exhibit animals for the facility. The facility is not licensed to conduct regulated activities with wild/exotic felids. Comingling of the cougar and two servals with animals intended for exhibit without appropriate approval makes them regulated species. Licensure with USDA must specifically authorize the use of wild/exotic felids. The facility must remove the cougar and two servals from the barn so that they are not comingled with animals intended for exhibit.

To be corrected by April 19, 2022

2.40(b)(3)

Repeat

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

One female goat was observed to be limping and carry her right front leg. The licensee stated that the animal had an appointment to see a local veterinarian on Friday. After speaking with the attending veterinarian, he was unaware that the goat had an appointment at the local vet. The licensee did not get prior approval from her attending veterinarian to see the local vet. A lack of communication between the licensee and attending veterinarian can lead to unnecessary animal pain and suffering. A mechanism of direct and frequent communication is required so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior, and well-being is conveyed to the attending veterinarian. The licensee must get approval from the attending veterinarian to see other veterinarians for animal related issues.

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Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

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2.75(b)(1)(iv)

Repeat

Records: Dealers and exhibitors.

The licensee gave the single north American river otter to the sponsor of the otter. The licensee did not include the name and address of the individual to whom the otter was given.

Every exhibitor shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose the following information concerning animals other than dogs and cats, which is transported, sold, euthanized, or otherwise disposed of by that dealer or exhibitor. These records must include the name and address of the person to whom an animal was sold or given.

Records for animals sold or given must include the name and address of the person to whom acquired the animal from the exhibitor to ensure proper licensure or permit, and to be able to track the animal in case of disease outbreak.

3.75(c)(2)

Repeat

Housing facilities, general.

An enclosure, housing two brown lemurs, contained a shelter. The shelter was composed of plywood. The sides of the house were excessively covered and streaked with a brown organic material. Inadequate maintenance and replacement of surfaces can lead to animal disease and affect animal health and well-being. All surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis. Surfaces of housing facilities – including houses, dens, and other furniture-type fixtures and objects within the facility – that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized, must be replaced when worn or soiled. The license must adequately maintain surfaces and replace surfaces when worn or soiled.

3.84(a)

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

-There is a resting platform on the inside portion of the baboon enclosure above the heater for the enclosure. There are a couple of blankets on the resting platform. The blankets have smeared feces on them, and the resting platform is

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smearred with a large amount of both wet and dry feces on the entire top surface. There was a strong odor of urine and feces inside the enclosure that could be smelled through my mask.

-The resting platform on the inside portion of the enclosure that houses 2 rhesus macaques has a large accumulation of smearred feces on the entire surface, and a large accumulation of feces in the corner of the resting platform. There was a strong odor of urine and feces inside the enclosure that could be smelled through my mask.

Excreta and food waste must be removed from inside each indoor primary enclosure daily to prevent the nonhuman primates from becoming soiled, and to reduce disease hazards, insects, pests, and odors.

Excreta and food waste must be removed from the indoor enclosure daily to prevent soiling of the non-human primates, and to reduce disease hazards, pests and odors.

To be corrected by end of business April 8, 2022

**3.84(d) Repeat
Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.**

There are two shelves in the corner of the inside portion of the primary enclosure for the baboon. These shelves used to have running space heaters on them. One of the heaters has been removed leaving a 3/4" by 2" gap to the outdoors. There is a large accumulation of mouse feces on this shelf.

An effective program for control of insects, external parasites affecting nonhuman primates, and birds and mammals that are pests, must be established and maintained so as to promote the health and wellbeing of the animals and reduce contamination by pests in animal areas.

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A program for control of mammalian pests must be developed to ensure the health and well being of the baboon and reduce contamination of the enclosure, water, food available to the baboon and risk of animal disease.

3.130 **Direct** **Repeat**

Watering.

The single cavy house with a red kangaroo had a 5-gallon bucket as a water receptacle. The water was at a level that made it very difficult for the cavy to access. The inspector asked if the cavy could use the bucket to drink and the licensee stated yes. The inspector asked that a smaller bucket be offered to the cavy and the cavy drank for approximately 1 minute and 30 seconds. The new bucket was hung on the fence, and was still too high, the cavy was having a hard time as the bucket was pressing into its neck, and the cavy had to move to the side of the bucket where the edge of the bucket was somewhat lower to access the water easier.

If potable water is not accessible to the animals at all times, it must be provided as often as necessary for the health and comfort of the animal.

A more appropriate water receptacle must be maintained in the enclosure for the cavy so that it has access to potable water to maintain the health of the cavy.

3.131(c) **Repeat**

Sanitation.

The 7 ½ week old African crested porcupine is currently being housed at the licensee’s house. When the licensees are home they let the porcupine run loose in the house. At night the porcupine is housed behind a baby gate in the laundry room. There was a jar of Fluker’s Repta Calcium with D3 that was spilled on the floor of the room where the porcupine is

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housed at night. There was also an electrical cord in this area that the porcupine had access to.

Premises (buildings and grounds) shall be kept clean and in good repair in order to protect the animals from injury and to facilitate the prescribed husbandry practices set forth in this subpart.

Vitamin D3 can have detrimental effects for porcupines if ingested, and porcupines are known to chew. Any area where animals are kept must be kept clean and in good repair to prevent ingestion of substances that may be toxic to the animal, and to ensure that the porcupine doesn't chew on the electrical cord which may cause injury, or death.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee.

Additional Inspectors:

JUSTINE O MALLEY, VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER

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Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
505843	34-C-0440	002	April and Ryan Cicchelli	04-APR-2022

Count	Scientific Name	Common Name
000001	<i>Nasua narica</i>	WHITE-NOSED COATI
000005	<i>Capra hircus</i>	DOMESTIC GOAT
000004	<i>Notamacropus rufogriseus</i>	BENNETT'S WALLABY / RED-NECKED WALLABY
000003	<i>Nasuella olivacea</i>	MOUNTAIN COATI
000002	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>	CRAB-EATING MACAQUE / CYNOMOLGUS MONKEY
000004	<i>Lemur catta</i>	RING-TAILED LEMUR
000003	<i>Potos flavus</i>	KINKAJOU
000001	<i>Osphranter rufus</i>	RED KANGAROO
000001	<i>Puma concolor</i>	PUMA / MOUNTAIN LION / COUGAR
000002	<i>Leptailurus serval</i>	SERVAL
000008	<i>Dolichotis patagonum</i>	PATAGONIAN CAVY / MARA
000002	<i>Eulemur fulvus</i>	BROWN LEMUR
000001	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	STRIPED SKUNK
000002	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>	VERVET
000002	<i>Hystrix cristata</i>	AFRICAN CRESTED PORCUPINE
000002	<i>Lontra canadensis</i>	NORTH AMERICAN RIVER OTTER
000001	<i>Papio anubis</i>	OLIVE BABOON
000002	<i>Taxidea taxus</i>	AMERICAN BADGER
000001	<i>Genetta tigrina</i>	LARGE-SPOTTED GENET
000001	<i>Bos taurus</i>	CATTLE / COW / OX / WATUSI
000001	<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>	ASIATIC WATER BUFFALO
000001	<i>Equus quagga</i>	BURCHELL'S / GRANT'S / CHAPMAN'S / PLAINS ZEBRA
000001	<i>Ovis aries aries</i>	SHEEP INCLUDING ALL DOMESTIC BREEDS
000003	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	RED FOX (INCLUDES SILVER FOX & CROSS FOX)
000001	<i>Lama pacos</i>	ALPACA
000055	Total	



United States Department of Agriculture
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

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