



Inspection Report

GREGG WOODY
KAREN WOODY

Customer ID: **6486**
Certificate: **33-C-0218**
Site: 001
KAREN & GREGG WOODY

P O BOX 68

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Aug-24-2011

MULBERRY GROVE, IL 62262

2.126 (a) (2) REPEAT

ACCESS AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS AND PROPERTY.

- (a) Each dealer, exhibitor, intermediate handler, or carrier, shall, during business hours, allow APHIS officials:
- (2) To examine records required to be kept by the Act and the regulations in this part.

The records of Acquisition and Disposition and Animals on Hand were not available. The licensee's wife advised that the records were on the road with the licensee. The licensee was advised during the last 2 inspections that the records needed to be available at the home facility. This is a repeat due to the last inspection on July 5, 2011, the licensee advised that the records were not available at the home facility due to them being on the road.

Inspectors need to see all records during inspections in order to account for the health and safety of all USDA regulated species coming and going from the facility.

All records must be shown to the inspector during inspections.

3.125 REPEAT

FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Structural strength. The facility must be constructed of such material and of such strength as appropriate for the animals involved. The indoor and outdoor housing facilities shall be structurally sound and shall be maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.

The wire that was in the bear primary enclosure written up in the July 5, 2011 inspection was still poking through into the enclosure, however the licensee's wife removed the wire during this report writeup. The wood supports on the ceiling in the liger enclosure were not attended to and still need to be fixed or replaced. The wood support and box in the lion enclosure were repaired, however the connecting door still needs to be repaired or replaced.

The chewing of wood by the animals can cause injuries and illnesses as well as compromises the strength and

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6022

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integrity of the primary enclosure itself.

3.127

REPEAT

FACILITIES, OUTDOOR.

Perimeter fence. On or after May 17, 2000, all outdoor housing facilities (i.e., facilities not entirely indoors) must be enclosed by a perimeter fence that is of sufficient height to keep animals and unauthorized persons out. Fences less than 8 feet high for potentially dangerous animals, such as, but not limited to, large felines (e.g., lions, tigers, leopards, cougars, etc.), bears, wolves, rhinoceros, and elephants, or less than 6 feet high for other animals must be approved in writing by the Administrator. The fence must be constructed so that it protects the animals in the facility by restricting animals and unauthorized persons from going through it or under it and having contact with the animals in the facility, and so that it can function as a secondary containment system for the animals in the facility. It must be of sufficient distance from the outside of the primary enclosure to prevent physical contact between animals inside the enclosure and animals or persons outside the perimeter fence. Such fences less than 3 feet in distance from the primary enclosure must be approved in writing by the Administrator.

The northeast side of the perimeter fence was not finished. The tube gates that were wired together were still there, and were not attached to the wall of the primary enclosure leaving a gap and easy route for escape. There was a second area on this end where the tube gates/cattle fencing were leaning into the alleyway, leaving another gap and area for escape. The south side of the perimeter fence where there were tube gates during the previous inspection on July 5, 2011 was replaced with a blue tarp from ground level to 4 ft in height, which meets the bottom of the second tube gate which is secured from 4ft to 8 ft in height. The licensee's wife advised that this was temporary until the licensee came back the next Sunday, and it would be secured properly.

Perimeter fences need to be secure and of solid construction that would keep an escaped animal from leaving the the area, and protect the animals from people or other animals coming into the primary enclosure area.

3.128

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SPACE REQUIREMENTS.

Enclosures shall be constructed and maintained so as to provide sufficient space to allow each animal to make normal postural and social adjustments with adequate freedom of movement.

The brown bear cub kept in the travel trailer is in a cage that is inadequate for its size. There is not enough space for the bear to turn around without rubbing the sides and bars of the cage at the same time. The bear is not able to assume any standing posture within the small cage. There is a liger cub in a cage adjacent to the bear that will be reaching a similar size issue within a brief time period.

Inadequate space may cause poor condition, debility, stress or abnormal behavior patterns.

The bear cub needs to have an enclosure that is adequate for its size and behavioral needs. This would include the ability to stand upright and lay down and turn around without rubbing all sides of its enclosure at the same time.

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To be corrected by: August 31, 2011

The inspection was accompanied by Dr. Susan Kingston, VMO and Harry Dawson, IES investigator.

Inspection and exit interview was conducted with licensee's wife(who is also listed as a licensee).

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